The Facts about HIV

What is HIV?
- HIV stands for Human Immunodeficiency Virus. HIV can weaken the immune system.
- Effective treatment allows most people to live long and healthy lives.
- Even people without symptoms suffer ongoing damage to their immune systems and can pass the virus to others. So early testing and treatment are important.
- Everyone should know their HIV status and be tested at least once for HIV. People infected with HIV may have no symptoms for many years.

Who is at risk of being infected with HIV?
- Anyone who has had unprotected sex (anal, oral or vaginal), particularly with:
  - Anyone who is (knowingly or unknowingly) infected with HIV
  - A man who has sex with other men
  - Someone who injects drugs
- Anyone who has shared needles or equipment used to inject drugs or steroids or for tattooing or piercing
- Anyone who has a sexually transmitted disease (STD), such as syphilis, gonorrhea, or chlamydia
- Anyone (male or female) who is a victim of intimate partner violence, sexual assault or trauma

Reduce the risk of HIV infection
- These are some ways to reduce your risk of becoming infected:
  - Know your HIV status, and your partner’s
  - Use a condom every time you have sex
  - If you are pregnant or considering pregnancy and have a partner with HIV, talk with your provider
  - Use PrEP (medicine to prevent HIV infection) if you are at risk
  - Get tested for HIV regularly, and ask your partner(s) to get tested regularly, so that you both know your current status
  - Don’t inject illicit drugs (those not prescribed by your doctor)
  - If you do inject drugs, never share needles, syringes, or other equipment
- Talk to your provider about PrEP and other prevention methods to reduce the risk of infection.
Testing Information

Should I get an HIV test?

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that all adults should be tested for HIV as part of their routine medical care. VA agrees and recommends HIV testing for all Veterans—even those who do not think they have risk factors. HIV is a chronic disease and it is better to diagnose and treat HIV early, rather than late. Today, we are fortunate to have effective treatment for people infected with HIV. Early treatment helps people with HIV live longer and lowers the chance of transmitting the virus to others.

Does testing need to be performed at a VA facility?

- No. You can have an HIV test done outside VA, but VA may not cover the cost (at some non-VA facilities, you can get an HIV test without giving your name).

There are two types of HIV tests:

- **Traditional Blood Test:** Blood is taken from the arm. Results can take up to 2 weeks.

- **Rapid Tests:** Rapid tests use blood from a finger-stick or fluid from the mouth to look for antibodies to HIV. Results are available in about 20 minutes. A negative result does not need to be confirmed. A positive rapid test result must be confirmed with a follow-up test, using the traditional blood test. Results may take 1-2 weeks.

  Note: Rapid tests require special equipment and handling. Not every VA medical center or clinic offers them.

What do the HIV test results mean?

**Positive:** This means you have HIV infection and can pass it to others.

**Negative:** This means either you do not have HIV or you got it so recently that your body has not had time to make enough antibodies to be detected. If you could have been exposed to HIV recently, your provider may recommend that you repeat the test in 3-6 months.

Your Benefits and HIV

Can having an HIV test affect my VA Benefits?

No. You always have the right to refuse HIV testing, but getting an HIV test will not affect your medical benefits or any right to care.

Your Privacy

VA is able to share HIV-related information with your health care providers (VA or non-VA) in order to provide you with the best care. The MISSION Act allows for HIV-related information to be disclosed without written authorization from the Veteran to a non-Department entity for purposes of providing health care to patients or performing other health care-related activities or functions. All providers follow HIPAA guidelines for keeping private information protected.

**TAKE THE TEST TAKE CONTROL!**

For more information about where you can be tested anonymously, call 1-800-CDC-INFO. The confidentiality of HIV testing results varies in every state, so ask about the reporting requirements in your area.

www.hiv.va.gov